12,8 & 25,6 Volt Lithium-Iron-Phosphate Batteries Smart

consists of 8 cells connected in series.

Why lithium-iron-phosphate?

With Bluetooth

www.victronenergy.com

ithium

12,8V 330 Ah LiFePO4 Battery

	Bettery status	HQ21133JQA9 ♀

A LFP battery:

Rugged

Does not need to be fully charged. Service life even slightly improves in case of partial charge instead of a full charge. This is a major advantage of LFP compared to lead-acid.

Victron Energy Lithium Battery Smart batteries are Lithium Iron Phosphate (LiFePO4) batteries and are available in 12.8 V or 25.6 V in various capacities. They can be connected in series, parallel and series/parallel so that a battery bank can be built for system voltages of 12 V, 24 V or 48 V. The maximum number of batteries in one system is 20, which results in a maximum energy

A single LFP cell has a nominal voltage of 3.2V. A 12.8 V battery consists of 4 cells connected in series and a 25.6 V battery

If it is left partially charged or worse, fully discharged (yacht or mobile home during wintertime).

Other advantages are the wide operating temperature range, excellent cycling performance, low internal resistance and high efficiency (see below).

If it operates in deficit mode during long periods of time (i.e. if the battery is rarely, or never at all, fully charged).

LFP is therefore the chemistry of choice for demanding applications.

A lead-acid battery will fail prematurely due to sulfation:

storage of 84 kWh in a 12 V system and up to 102 kWh in a 24 V¹⁾ and 48 V¹⁾ system.

Efficient

- In several applications (especially off-grid solar and/or wind), energy efficiency can be of crucial importance.
- The round-trip energy efficiency (discharge from 100 % to 0 % and back to 100 % charged) of the average lead-acid battery is 80 %.
- The round-trip energy efficiency of a LFP battery is 92 %.
- The charge process of lead-acid batteries becomes particularly inefficient when the 80 % state of charge has been reached, resulting in efficiencies of 50 % or even less in solar systems where several days of reserve energy is required (battery operating in 70 % to 100 % charged state).
- In contrast, a LFP battery will still achieve 90 % efficiency under shallow discharge conditions.

Size and weight

- Saves up to 70 % in space
- Saves up to 70 % in weight

Expensive

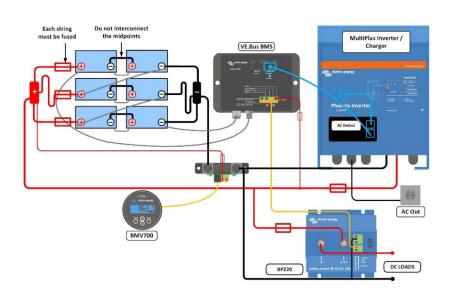
LFP batteries are expensive when compared to lead-acid. But in demanding applications, the high initial cost will be . more than compensated by longer service life, superior reliability and excellent efficiency.

Bluetooth

- With Bluetooth cell voltages, temperature and alarm status can be monitored.
- Instant readout: The VictronConnect App can display the most important data on the Device list page without the need to connect to the product.
- Very useful to localize a (potential) problem, such as cell imbalance.

¹⁾To reduce required balancing time, we recommend to use a little different batteries in series as possible for the application. 24 V systems are best built using 24 V batteries. And 48 V systems are best built using two 24 V batteries in series. While the alternative, four 12 V batteries in series, will work, it will require more periodic balancing time.

VictronConnect App



Our LFP batteries have integrated cell balancing and cell monitoring. The cell balancing/monitoring cables can be daisy-chained and must be connected to a Battery Management System (BMS).

Battery Management System (BMS) The BMS will:

- 1. Generate a pre-alarm whenever the voltage of a battery cell decreases to less than 3.1 V (adjustable 2.85 V 3.15 V).
- 2. Disconnect or shut down the load whenever the voltage of a battery cell decreases to less than 2.8 V (adjustable 2.6 V 2.8 V).
- 3. Stop the charging process whenever the voltage of a battery cell increases to more than 3.75 V or when the temperature becomes too high or too low.

See the BMS datasheets for more features.

			Battery s	pecification						
VOLTAGE AND CAPACITY	LFP- Smart 12,8/50	LFP- Smart 12,8/100	LFP- Smart 12,8/160	LFP- Smart 12,8/180	LFP- Smart 12,8/200	LFP- Smart 12,8/330	LFP- Smart 25,6/100	LFP- Smart 25,6/200-a		
Nominal voltage	12,8 V	12,8 V	12,8 V	12,8 V	12,8 V	12,8 V	25,6 V	25,6 V		
Nominal capacity @ 25°C*	50 Ah	100 Ah	160 Ah	180 Ah	200 Ah	330 Ah	100 Ah	200 Ah		
Nominal capacity @ 0°C*	40 Ah	80 Ah	130 Ah	150 Ah	160 Ah	260 Ah	80 Ah	160 Ah		
Nominal capacity @ -20°C*	25 Ah	50 Ah	80 Ah	90 Ah	100 Ah	160 Ah	50 Ah	100 Ah		
Nominal energy @ 25°C*	640 Wh	1280 Wh	2048 Wh	2304 Wh	2560 Wh	4220 Wh	2560 Wh	5120 Wh		
*Discharge current ≤1C										
			CYCLE LIFE (capa	city ≥ 80 % of nom	inal)					
80 % DoD	2500 cycles									
70 % DoD	3000 cycles									
50 % DoD				5000	cycles					
			DIS	CHARGE						
Maximum continuous discharge current	100 A	200 A	320 A	360 A	400 A	400 A	200 A	400 A		
Recommended continuous discharge current	≤50 A	≤100 A	≤160 A	≤180 A	≤200 A	≤300 A	≤100 A	≤200 A		
End of discharge voltage	11,2 V	11,2 V	11,2 V	11,2 V	11,2 V	11,2 V	22,4 V	22,4 V		
Internal resistance	2mΩ	0,8mΩ	0,9mΩ	0,9mΩ	0,8mΩ	0,8mΩ	1,6mΩ	1,5mΩ		
			OPERATIN	IG CONDITIONS						
Operating temperature	Discharge: -20°C to +50°C Charge: +5°C to +50°C									
Storage temperature	-45°C to +70°C									
Humidity (non-condensing)	Max. 95 %									
Protection class				IP	22					
			C	HARGE						
Charge voltage			Between 14 V/	28 V and 14,4 V/28	,8 V (14,2 V/28,4 V	recommended)				
Float voltage	13,5 V/27 V									
Maximum charge current	100 A	200 A	320 A	360 A	400 A	400 A	200 A	400 A		
Recommended charge current	≤30 A	≤50 A	≤80 A	≤90 A	≤100 A	≤150 A	≤50 A	≤100 A		
			(OTHER						
Max storage time @ 25°C*	1 year									
BMS connection	Male + female cable with M8 circular connector, length 50cm									
Power connection (threaded inserts)	M8	M8	M8	M8	M8	M10	M8	M8		
Dimensions (hxwxd) mm	199 x 188 x 147	197 x 321 x 152	237 x 321 x 152	237 x 321 x 152	237 x 321 x 152	265 x 359 x 206	197 x 650 x 163	237 x 650 x 16		
Weight	7 kg	14 kg	18 kg	18 kg	20 kg	29 kg	28 kg	39 kg		

* When fully charged

